Enthalpy (2014 VCE)

 Large deposits of methane hydrate have been discovered deep under the sediment on the ocean fl oor. It has been suggested that methane hydrate deposits could be commercially mined to provide a clean fuel once the trapped methane is extracted.

Methane hydrate has a complex structure. The simplifi ed formula for methane hydrate is ${\rm CH_4.6H_2\ O.}$

The amount of energy released by the complete combustion of methane extracted from a 1.00 kg sample of methane hydrate at SLC is

A. $8.89 \times 10^2 \text{ kJ}$

B. $7.17 \times 10^3 \text{ kJ}$

C. $4.30 \times 10^4 \text{ kJ}$

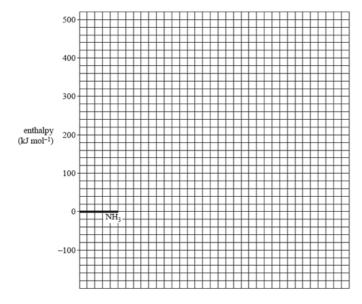
D. $5.56 \times 10^4 \text{ kJ}$

Solution

2) The decomposition of ammonia is represented by the following equation.

 $2NH_3(g) \Rightarrow N_2(g) + 3H_2(g) \Delta H = 92.4 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

a. The activation energy for the uncatalysed reaction is 335 kJ mol⁻¹. The activation energy for the reaction when tungsten is used as a catalyst is 163 kJ mol⁻¹. On the grid provided below, draw a labelled energy profile diagram for the uncatalysed and catalysed reactions



Solution will appear here

Solution will appear here

Solution

b) When osmium is used as a catalyst, the activation energy is 197 kJ $\,\mathrm{mol}^{-1}.$

Which catalyst – osmium or tungsten – will cause ammonia to decompose at a faster rate? Justify your answer in terms of the chemical principles you have studied this year.

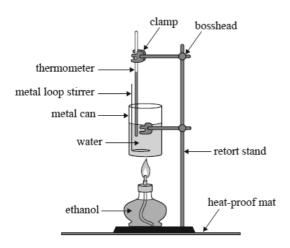
Solution

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2) The enthalpy for the combustion of ethanol is provided in the data book. This combustion of ethanol is represented by the following

 $C_2H_5OH(I) + 3O_2(g) => 2CO_2(g) + 3H_2O(I)$

A spirit burner used 1.80 g of ethanol to raise the temperature of 100.0 g of water in a metal can from 25.0 °C to 40.0 °C.



Solution will appear here

Calculate the percentage of heat lost to the environment and to the apparatus.

Solution

b) Identify one way to limit heat loss to the environment.

Solution

Solution will appear here

c) Biodiesel may be produced by reacting canola oil with methanol in the presence of a strong base. Since canola oil contains a mixture of triglycerides, the reaction produces glycerol and a mixture of biodiesel molecules. A typical biodiesel molecule derived from canola oil has the chemical formula

 $C_{15}H_{30}O_2$.

Write the semi-structural formula of this molecule, then circle and name the functional group present.

Solution

Solution will appear here

d) The heat content of canola oil can be determined by placing it in the spirit burner in place of ethanol. A typical result is 17 kJ g^{-1} . Suggest why the heat content of fuels such as canola oil and biodiesel are measured in kJ g^{-1} and not kJ \mbox{mol}^{-1} .

Solution will appear here

Solution