Friday Worksheet

Name:

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Volumetric 4

0.415 g of a pure acid, H₂X(s), is added to exactly 100 mL of 0.105 M NaOH(aq). A reaction occurs according to the equation $H_2X(s) + 2NaOH(aq) \rightarrow Na_2X(aq) + 2H_2O(I)$ The NaOH is in excess. This excess NaOH requires 25.21 mL of 0.197 M HCI(aq) for neutralisation. Calculate i. the amount, in mol, of NaOH that is added to the acid H₂X initially.

ii. the amount, in mol, of NaOH that reacts with the acid H_2X .

iii. the molar mass, in g mol⁻, of the acid H_2X