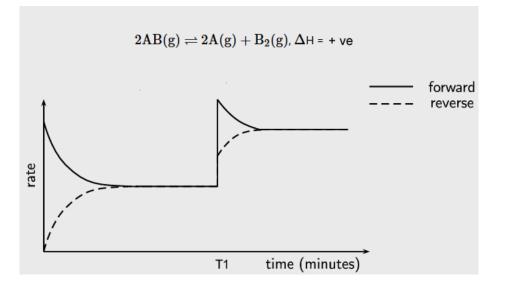
Friday Worksheet

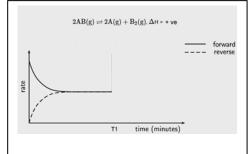
Chemical equilibrium worksheet 2

Consider the graph below of the reaction
2AB(g) <=> 2A(g) + B₂(g)
A disturbance to the equilibrium takes place at T1.

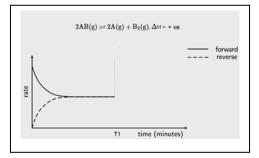


- a) Are both the forward and backward reaction rates increased the same at T1?
- b) Explain what may have happened at T1
- c) Complete the following graphs to show what the rate vs time graph would look like if each of the following changes occurred.

A catalyst is added at T1? Explain.

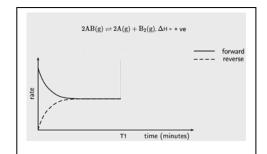


The concentration of a reactant is increased? Explain.



Temperature is increased

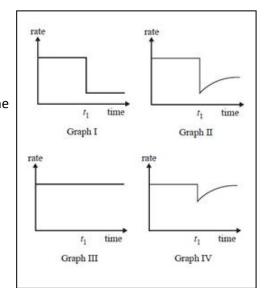
Temperature is decreased.



 $2AB(g) \Rightarrow 2A(g) + B_2(g), \Delta H = + ve$ forward egT1 time (minutes)

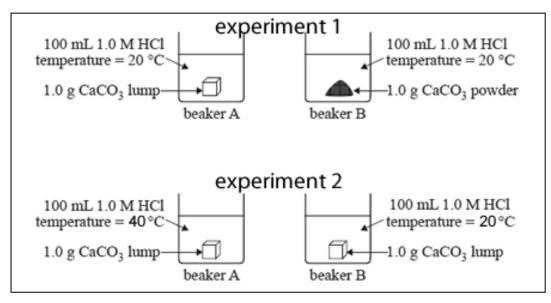
2) Reactants A and B are placed in a sealed container with a suitable catalyst where they react according to the equation A(g) + B(g) => C(g) After the reaction reaches equilibrium, a small amount of a compound is added to the container at time t1. The compound 'poisons' the catalyst and stops it working.

a) Which one of the graphs best represents the rate of the forward reaction versus time?



b) Which graph is consistent with a temperature increase after the catalyst is poisoned?

3) Two experiments were set up as shown below to investigate factors that influence the rate of a reaction.



a) What are the dependent and independent variables in:

Experiment 1

Experiment 2

Explain using the collision theory how the rate of the reaction in experiment 2 differs from beaker A and B.