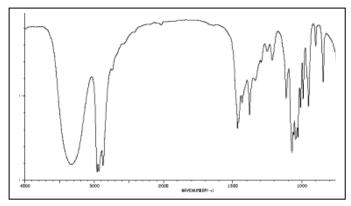
Friday Worksheet Analytical enthalpy revision 4

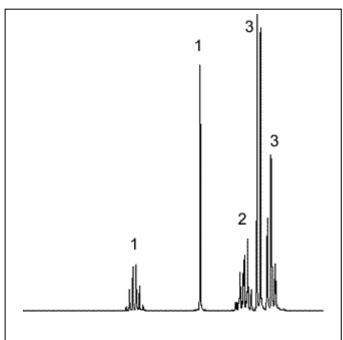
Name:

1) An organic compound "A" is known to contain only carbon, hydrogen and oxygen. . The

compound contains, by mass, 13.5% of hydrogen and 64.8% of carbon. Below are the ¹HNMR and IR spectra of the compound.



- a) What is the empirical formula of the compound?
- b) What is the molecular formula of the compound if it's molar mass 74.12 g mol
- c) Give the semi-structural formula of the compound.
- d) Write a combustion reaction for compound "A" in its liquid state.
- e) 7.412 grams of liquid compound "A" was burnt in excess oxygen in a bomb calorimeter containing 100.0 grams of water at 25.0 °C. If the temperature of the water reached a maximum of 88.9 °C calculate the molar heat of combustion, in kJ/mol, of compound "A".



2) Consider the following equations

1) ----
$$H_2O(s) => H_2O(l) \Delta H = 6.00 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

2) ----
$$H_2O(I) => H_2O(g) \Delta H = 44.01 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

i. Find the ΔH for the reaction $H_2O(g) \Rightarrow H_2O(l)$

ii. What is the amount of energy in kJ that must be supplied to evaporate 98.5 grams of water?

3) Find the ΔH of the reaction below

 $CO_2(g) + H_2(g) => CO(g) + H_2O(g)$ given the two equations below.

1) ----
$$2H_2(g) + O_2(g) => 2H_2O(g) \Delta H = -484 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

2) ----
$$2CO(g) + O_2(g) = >2CO_2(g) \Delta H = -566 \text{ kJ/mol}$$