## **Revision Unit 1**

1) What is the percentage of carbon, by mass, in octane?

Mass of carbon / total mass of octane

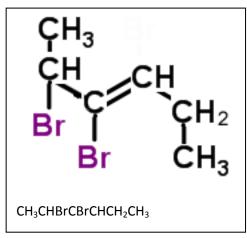
(96/114) X 100 = 84.2%

2) What is the empirical formula for a compound containing 38.8% carbon, 16.2% hydrogen and 45.1% nitrogen? CH₅N

3) A compound was analysed and found to contain, 20.6% of oxygen, 15.5% carbon, 18.1% nitrogen and 45.8% chlorine, by mass. If its molar mass is 232.4 g/mol find its molecular formula

 $O_3C_3N_3Cl_3$ 

4) Draw the structural and semi-structural formulae of a) 2,3-dibromohex-3-ene



b) 4-methylpentanoic acid

- 5) An atom "A" with atomic number 12 and an atom "B" with atomic number 17 react.
  - a) What is the type of bond formed between them. Ionic
  - b) What is the formula of the compound that is formed between A and B? AB2
  - c) Describe the properties of this compound.

Brittle

High melting temperature

Conducts electricity in the molten state.

6) Complete the table below.

Molecular formula	Intra-molecular bonding	Inter –molecular bonding
CH <sub>4</sub>	Polar covalent	Dispersion forces
CO <sub>2</sub>	Polar covalent	Dispersion forces
Cl <sub>2</sub>	Pure covalent	Dispersion forces
CH₃CH₂OH	Polar covalent	Dispersion forces + H-
		bonding

- 7) Place the following in order of increasing melting temperature. Give a reason
  - i. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>
  - ii. CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> OH
  - iii. CH₃OH
  - iv. NaCl

CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>, CH<sub>3</sub>OH, CH<sub>3</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub> OH, NaCl highest melting temperature

- 8) Write the formula for:
  - a) sodium carbonate Na<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>3</sub>
  - b) ammonium phosphate (NH<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>
  - c) aluminium sulphate Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>
- 9) Write balanced chemical equations for the following reactions.
  - a) Combustion of liquid hexane

$$2C_6H_{14}(I) + 19O_2(g) => 12CO_2(g) + 14H_2O(I)$$

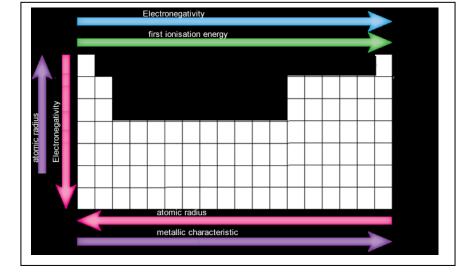
b) Aluminium metal reacts with oxygen gas

$$4AI(s) + 3O_2(g) => 2AI_2O_3(s)$$

c) Copper metal reacts with sulphuric acid to produce an ionic compound and hydrogen gas.

$$Cu(s) + H_2SO_4(aq) => CuSO_4(aq) + H_2(g)$$

- 10) What trends could be represented by the coloured arrows? Select the colour that best describes the following characteristics.
  - a) Electronegativity \_\_\_\_\_
  - b) First ionisation energy\_\_\_\_\_
  - c) Atomic radius
  - d) Metallic character\_\_\_\_\_



- 11) Using structural formulae write balanced chemical equations for:
  - a. The addition reaction between gaseous propene and HCl gas.

b. The condensation reaction between propanol and butanoic acid.

-intra-molecular bonding in each sample.

Pure covalent in both samples

-inter-molecular bonding in each sample.

Dispersion forces in both samples.

b. Which has the highest melting temperature? Explain why

lodine because it is a bigger molecule than bromine, hence the dispersion forces are greater.